



## TOUR C

The castle is famous for being the site of a three month siege by the citizens of Malaga against the Catholic monarchs, Ferdinand and Isabella. All that remains of this historic monument today is the series of solid ramparts which rise majestically among dense woods of pines and eucalyptus.

**Day 3: Malaga, Ronda**

Vertiginous from every angle, Ronda has been occupied by the Celts, Romans and Muslims. From this it has retained exquisite Arab baths (Calle San Miguel) and other traces of the Arab presence in Molinos Gate, the church of Santa María la Mayor, the minaret of San Sebastián and the House of the Giant (Casa del Gigante). But Ronda, inevitably, has its extremely lovely bullring considered one of the world's most beautiful. Laid out between Ronda and Arcos is the rosary of the so-called White Villages (Pueblos Blancos), which the Almoravids conquered prior to setting their sights on Granada. In the centre of the city, in a privileged location, next to the emblematic Puente Nuevo in Ronda, built in the year 1761, this Parador rises up over the former town hall. It is an impressive enclave, with unique views of the Tagus, in a gorge some 120 metres deep. Blues, greens, yellows and reds make up the shades of the interior.

**Day 4: Ronda, Cádiz**

Next comes Cádiz, the former Yazira Qadis: "isle of the peninsula of Cádiz". To see the city in all its splendor the best thing to do is climb Tavia Tower. From there open up the Tierra Gates, entryway to the walled city. Lying below is the cupola of Cádiz Cathedral. Caleta Beach is the horizon of Cádiz, open and infinite, bounded by two castles, Santa Catalina on one end, and on the other San Sebastian, built atop a former Muslim tower which was in turn raised over a temple dedicated to Kronos. The Cádiz Museum is a must-see. Also worthwhile is a stroll along Ancha Street and simply getting a feel for life in the city. The parador is a modern tourist complex next to the Genovés park. The Parador has impressive views of the sea and the Bay of Cádiz. Located in a residential area surrounded by palm trees, it has exclusive access to a small beach. It is also a good starting point to discover the entire province (White Villages Route, Toro Route, Wine Route, etc.), plus the small villages of the coast of Cádiz.

**Day 5: Cádiz, Carmona (Sevilla)**

Situated on the plain of the River Corbones, Carmona is a city which stands out due to its size and the traces left by the various cultures that have populated it during its extensive history. Its churches, palaces and city walls form part of the broad artistic heritage it houses in its historic quarter, dominated by the imposing image of its Arab fortress, the Alcazar del Rey Don Pedro. Its situation, a few kilometres from Seville, allows you to enjoy the enormous monumental and artistic heritage, as well as the numerous possibilities for leisure offered by the capital of the province of Seville. Carmona also allows you to enjoy gastronomy in which the most succulent recipes of Sevillian and Andalusian traditions are represented.

**Day 6: Sevilla, Madrid**

Buffet breakfast and departure for Madrid